



Network Starter Kit Workshop

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Objectives of the Presentation

- Inform individuals responsible for implementing and enhancing Local Area Networks (LANs)
- How to plan, design and implement a low cost LAN, focusing primarily on 10Base-T technologies
- Discuss some common problems and troubleshooting techniques





Contents

- Overview of the Network Starter Kit (NSK)
- Equipment that can be Networked
- Networking Components
- Network Planning
- LAN Installation Procedures
- Internet Hook-up Procedures
- Network Trouble-Shooting Techniques





Why was the NSK Created?

- To provide simple step-by-step instructions for LAN installation with little presumed knowledge required.
- To distribute free and public domain network software to schools and universities.
- To document hardware and software installation procedures
 - Graphical Examples
 - Text Examples





- To detail basic LAN setup
 - Network Terminology
 - Network Planning
 - Network Topologies
- To discuss Internet connectivity





Limitations of the NSK

- Network
 - Number of stations: less than a hundred
- Operating Systems
 - PC's: Running MS-DOS 3.3 or later version, or running Microsoft Windows 3.0 or later version.
 - Mac's: Running System 6 or later version
- Network Software (limited to TCP/IP)
 - TCP/IP Software
 - » telnet
 - » ftp





- » Electronic mail (client)
- » World Wide Web Browsers
- » Usenet News Readers
- Packet Drivers
 - » PC DOS
 - » PC Windows
 - » Mac





Network Terminology

- Network Interface Unit/Card (NIU/NIC)
 - A board or card inserted in a computer to enable it to access a network
- Hub
 - The center of the Star Topology
- UTP Cable
 - An 4-wire twisted pair cable with telephone jack-like connectors used to connect a 10Base-T NIU or wall plate to an Active Hub. Level 5 recommended.





Network Terminology

- Station (Workstation)
 - A PC, Mac or any computer on the network
- Server
 - A network station capable of performing special services such as remote login, file sharing, electronic mail, remote printing, etc., to all stations on the local network
- Bus
 - A network topology in which a common communication medium is shared by all stations





Network Terminology

Ethernet

 A local area network using Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection (CSMA/CD) Protocol to ensure Data Units known as Packets are transmitted and received among stations on the bus

Trunk Cable

 The main cable used as a bus which all stations use to communicate on the LAN





Equipment That Can Be Networked

- Mainframes, Minicomputers, Workstations
 - PC
 - » PC's, XT's, AT's
 - Bus Family
 - » ISA: 286, 386, 486, 586
 - » VESA: 486, 586
 - » PCI: 486, 586
 - » EISA: 386/486 Systems
 - **» MCA: PS/2**
- Personal Home Computers
 - Connected through a modem
 - May use PPP or SLIP for direct Internet connection





Equipment That Can Be Networked

- Mac's
 - » II, LC, SE, SE/30
 - » Mac Plus, Classic
 - » Quadra 700,900,950
 - » Power PC





Networking Hardware

- Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) Ethernet
 - 10Base-T Active Hub
 - Unshielded Twisted Pair Cable
 - 10Base-T Connector (RJ45)
 - NIU with modular Jack
- Thick Ethernet
 - Attachment Unit Interface (AUI or transceiver) cable
 - Coaxial cable segment and terminators
 - NIU
 - Transceiver





Networking Hardware

- Thin Ethernet
 - Thin ethernet coaxial cable (with T-connectors)
 - Terminators with BNC connectors
 - NIU with 10Base-5 Connector
- Media Adapters
 - Available for 10Base-5, 10Base-2 and 10Base-T
- Bridges
 - Connect two or more physical networks
- Routers
 - Connect different network/media types (LAN, WAN, MAN)
 - Used to further subdivide larger networks
 - Create firewalls for security porpoises

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Networking Hardware

Media Limitations

Medium	Max Length	Minimum Distance Between Stations	Maximum Number of Nodes	AUI Cable
10 BASE-5	500 meters	2.5 meters	100	50 meters
10 BASE-2	185 meters	1 meter	30	none
10 BASE-T	100 meters	N/A (Hub)	8 to 64	100 meters





Networking Software (Provided in the NSK)

- · PC
 - Packet Drivers, V10
 - TCP/IP Software, NCSA Telnet, V2.3
 - E-mail

Windows

- Windows Packet Driver
- TCP/IP Protocol Stack
- E-mail
- Web Browser
- Usenet News Reader





Networking Software

- Telnet and FTP

Macintosh

- MacTCP Driver
- Telnet and FTP
- De-Compression Software
- E-mail





Software Functions

- Packet Drivers
 - Provide a common interface for applications to access the network hardware
- Telnet and FTP
 - Provide remote login functions
 - Enable file transfers between different machines
- E-mail
 - A convenient method of communication between individuals across the Internet





- Web Browsers
 - A very intuitive way to access the resources of the Internet
 - May include text, graphics, sound, movies
- Usenet News Readers
 - Access to discussion groups on over 3000 topics





Requirements

- Environmental Considerations
 - Fire Codes
 - Power Surges
 - Water and Heat
 - Safety and Security
- Network Topology
 - Bus
 - Star
 - Ring





- Network Extension
 - Bridges
 - Routers
 - Repeaters
- Network Cables
 - Twisted Pair
 - Thick Coax
 - Thin Coax

Future Expansion

- Linking Different LAN media and topologies
- Linking Remote Sites
- Evolve to High Speed networks in the future 21





Site Selection

- Avoid Electro-Magnetic Interference (EMI) such as neighboring cable interference
- Location of the hubs





Budget and Options

- Network Management Consideration
 - Purchase equipment with a built-in SNMP Agent
- Cable Costs
 - Thick Ethernet Coax PVC \$1.65/ft
 - Thin Ethernet Coax PVC \$.15/ft
 - Twisted Pair level 5 \$.24/ft or less





Guidelines

- Use 10Base-T Ethernet
 - Low-cost cables, spare telco line may be ok
 - Active hub, a Mixed Media concentrator for:
 - » 10Base-5
 - » 10Base-2
 - » 10Base-T
- Avoid complicated designs
- Avoid using repeaters to extend the network
- Use components from the same vendor if possible





A 10Base-T LAN (why?)

- Easy and Cheap to Manage/Install
 - Workstations are connected to a Port in a Hub
 - Individual Ports can be monitored and controlled remotely
 - If a wire goes bad, only one workstation is impacted
 - Most have port monitor LED's for troubleshooting
- 10Base-T Physical Interface
 - Looks like a phone jack
 - Simple to connect/disconnect





Hardware Installation

- Prepare Cable
 - Strip the UTP cable to expose the two pairs
 - Insert stripped end into an RJ45 Modular Jack
 - Insert the Jack into the socket slot on the crimp tool, and press hard to crimp the wire
- Configure the NIU
 - Set Jumpers & Dip-Switch Setting
 - » Select hardware interrupt
 - » Select the base input/output (I/O) & shared RAM addresses





Hardware Installation

- Record Jumper and Dip-switch settings
- Install the NIU into an available Expansion Slot
- Connect the NIU to a 10Base-T Active Hub
- Connect the Hub to the existing Ethernet Trunk





Software

- Install Packet Drivers (DOS and Windows)
 - Select Software interrupt
 - Select packet driver for the NIU that you have, either from the NSK selection or from the NIU manufacturer
 - Load the driver with appropriate parameters
 - Add the command to your autoexec.bat
- Install the Windows Packet Shim
 - Use the same software interrupt as the DOS driver
 - Load the shim
 - Add the command to your autoexec.bat





Install TCP/IP Network Software for DOS

- Get IP name and number from LAN administrator or each station on the network
- Locate and edit the Config.tel file to reflect the network configuration
- Install and configure E-mail
- (optional) Install and configure server software

Install TCP/IP Network Software for Windows

- Get IP name and number from LAN administrator or each station on the network
- Load and configure Winsock to reflect the network configuration
- Install and configure other applications
- (optional) Install and configure server software





Install MacTCP for Mac's

- Get IP name and number from LAN administrator or each station on the network
- Configure the MacTCP Control Panel to reflect the network configuration
- Configure individual applications





Internet Hook-up

- Equipment Required
 - TCP/IP Router
 - 56Kbps, T1 or T3 leased line
 - CSU/DSU
- Putting it all Together
 - Obtain IP Address Space from Internet authorities
 - Hardware Installation
 - » Get a 56Kbps (min) dedicated line
 - » Connect NIU of the Router to your LAN





Internet Hook-up

- » Connect the WAN Port of your Router to a Channel Service Unit/Data Service Unit (CSU/DSU)
- » Seek assistance to connect the CSU/DSU to the leased line
- » Configure the Routing software
- Configure all Network Stations





Internet Hook-up

Who Pays the Bill?

 Write a Grant Proposal to the National Science Foundation

NSFNet Program

Division of Networking & Communications Research and Infrastructure

4201 Wilson Blvd.

Arlington, VA 22230

(703) 306-1950





Cables

- For 10BaseT (UTP Level 5) Check that connectors are attached to cable and that cable is securely attached to NIU and Hub port.
- For 10Base5 (Thick Coax) Check all connectors and terminators
- Check the Ethernet Trunk, are other devices functional?
- Check Transceiver LED's, usually green indicates power, red indicates collisions, and yellow indicates ethernet activity. If red is on solid, this is a good indication that problems exist with that particular tap. Absence of green or yellow indicates problems with the device attached to transceiver, or the AIU cable is not attached.
- For 10Base2 (Thin Coax) Check connectors and terminators and T-Connectors





- NIU's/NIC's (power off the system before proceeding)
 - Disconnect all Access Cables, Connectors and cables
 - Remove the NIU/NIC and check all Dip Switches and Jumpers settings
 - Re-install the NIU/NIC and attach cables, etc.
 - Check to insure that there are no conflicts with Interrupts,
 IO Address Base, or Memory Base Addresses with other cards installed in PC
 - Run diagnostic software that accompanied your NIU/NIC





- Hub
- Check to ensure that the Hub is properly connected to the Trunk and that "ethernet activity" LED is blinking
- Ensure that the Hub powered "on", (green LED)
- Ensure that individual ports have power LED, Link LED (indicating that hub sees PC) and Ethernet activity LED's
- Move suspected problem cable to another port/card on Hub
- Replace Hub





- Software (DOS)
 - Check that Packet Driver is loaded and configured properly
 - Check that software was configured properly
 - Reload Packet Driver/NOS Software
 - Reboot





- Software (Windows)
 - DOS procedure completed?
 - Check WINPKT.COM software interrupt settings
 - Reload WINPKT
 - Check Trumpet and Winsock (reload if necessary)
 - Check WIN32S and reload if necessary
 - Reboot





- Software (MAC's)
 - Check MAC/TCP to ensure installation is proper
 - Check Ethernet Driver
 - Re-install MAC/TCP
 - Reboot